

Importance of Mealtimes

Children can be selective eaters for a variety of reasons. It is important to provide them a variety of food to meet their nutritional needs and promote a peaceful mealtime.

Sensory Considerations

Texture

Crunchy, mushy, chewy, soft, hard, flaky

Flavor

• Sweet, bitter, sour, spicy, salty, savory,

Shape

• Round, square, rectangle, triangle, cylinder

Size

Crumbs, small, medium, large

Smell

 Fruity, citrusy, sweet, minty, smokey, spicy, toasty, nutty, herbal, meaty, fresh

Temperature

Hot, cold, lukewarm, frozen

It is important for mealtimes to be consistent and predictable for children.







Environmental Considerations

Dinning Area

- Consider the child's sensory preferences such as:
 - Lighting (dim or bright)
 - Sound (loud or quiet)
 - Visual (busy or clear)
 - Smell (strong or neutral)

Seating

- Feet supported
- Child can reach the table

Dishware

- Age-appropriate utensil size
- Preferred plate, bowl, and cup



Tips for Introducing Food

Food Play

- Fun way to become comfortable with new foods without the expectation of eating them
- Play allows for food exploration (touching, smelling, looking, etc.) before it is presented as a meal
- Child may end up putting the food in their mouth, which is a bonus

Meal Preparation

- Involving the child in cooking when appropriate
- Be in/near the kitchen when meals are preparing to become familiar with various smells, sounds, etc.
- Give the child a job in setting up and/or clean up the table







Tips for Introducing Food

Build on Preferred Foods

- Present preferred foods in various ways (i.e. different plate, shape, size)
- Consider current sensory preferences and chose foods that have similar features (i.e. if the child likes chips they may also like other salty, crunchy food such as veggie straws)

Presentation of New Foods

- Place small portion on or near their plate
- Present as a crumb first and increase size of food over time

When introducing new foods, it's important to have the child feel safe and comfortable.

How Can an Occupational Therapist Help?

- Develop a mealtime routine for your family
- Support regulation before and during mealtime
- Sensory processing and exploration to become more comfortable with food
- Promote age-appropriate utensil use

Consult with your occupational therapist for an individualized plan to meet your child's needs







